

- The period between 1991 and 2003 is referred to as the Golden Revolution in India.
- The Golden Revolution is related to increased production of honey and horticulture which was the main objective of this agricultural revolution.
- Nirpakh Tutej is the father of Golden Revolution.
- It is one of the prominent agricultural/agrarian revolutions in India and other revolutions include, Golden Fibre Revolution, Green Revolution, White Revolution, Silver Fibre Revolution, Yellow Revolution, Red Revolution, etc.
- The scope of Golden Revolution is focused mainly on the boost of honey and horticulture production as horticulture exports in India faced a massive increase from ₹ 6308.53 crores in 2004- 2005 to ₹ 28,62861 crores in 2014-2015.
- It certainly revolutionised the agricultural sector with a grand increase in the production of honey and horticulture and the government of India also started the National Horticulture Mission in 2005-2006 with the aim to increase further production. Owing to this factor of increase in growth in the horticulture sector in India, Golden Revolution has become an important topic in UPSC, government exams, bank exams, etc.